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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/616,020	07/09/2003	Daniel J. Mattson	285/536	1120	
·	590 10/12/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BRINKS HOFER GILSON & LIONE P.O. BOX 10395			GIBSON, RANDY W		
CHICAGO, IL	· -		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			2841	2841	
				DATE MAILED: 10/12/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/616,020	MATTSON ET AL.	(cm)			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Randy W. Gibson	2841				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on Augu	st 25, 2005.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-68</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-68</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents			04			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
			•			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>4/22/04&12/15/03</u> .	6) Other:					
S Patent and Trademark Office						

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DETAILED ACTION

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Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. Claims 1-3, 6,11-16, 24, 25, 28, 30, 35, 37, 39-42, and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Thiele et al (US # 4,733,068). See column 3, lines 9-29; column 5, lines 15-37; and, column 6, lines 27-47. Although Thiele et al does not expressly disclose an adhesive, there must be something present to hold the elastic layers together.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 5. Claims 4, 5, 7, 18-20, 22, 26, 31, 34, and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Thiele et al (US # 4,733,068) in view of Fernald et al (US # 6,452,667) and Bennett et al (US patent application pub. # 2001/0054682 A1). Thiele et al does not disclose a stress relief. However, Fernald teach that it is known to place

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some slack in a fiber optic cable to allow for the cable to expand and contract without breaking the cable (Col. 4, lines 57-59). Therefore it would have been obvious to the ordinary practioner to provide the cables of Thiele with slack in them to allow the cables to expand.

As for claim 7, Bennett et al shows that is is known to cut trenches into a substrate to hold an optical cable (Fig. 1). Since Thiele already teaches cutting out vias to allow more light to pass between fibers, it would have been obvious to the ordinary practioner to cut out part of the foam pad to form preformed trenches to hold the fibers so that the layers of the foam pad fit together better.

6. Claims 8-10, 21, 27, 32, 33, 36, and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Thiele et al in view of Fernald et al as applied to claims 4, 5, 7, 18-20, 22, 26, 31, 34, & 43 above, and further in view of Breton (US # 4,369,525), Simons (US Statutory Invention Registration # H322) and Verdiell et al (US # 5,870,417). Thiele does not disclose the "control sensor" for adjusting the light output of the array of optical weight sensors. However, it is known that the light output of a laser diode varies with temperature and age, and that it is known to built a laser diode with a built-in light sensor to enable regulation of the power to the laser diode as shown by the examples of Breton et al. (Col. 1, lines 34-51; Col. 6, lines 5-21) or Simons (Col. 3, lines 34-67; Col. 5, line 14 to col. 6, line 29). It would have been obvious to use this conventional type of feedback circuit in the device of Thiele for the same reason.

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As for the limitation of laser trimming the ends of the fiber optic cable, Verdiell et al teach that this is a known technique for trimming optical fiber (Col. 11, lines 53-62), and it would have been obvious to the ordinary practioner to use a known technique to form the device of Thiele based on its art recognized suitability for its intended purpose. See MPEP § 2144.07.

7. Claims 17, 23, 29, 38 and 46-68 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kuboki et al (US # 6,345,839) in view of Thiele et al (US # 4,733,068). Kuboki et al discloses an two dimensional array of pressure sensors arranged in a seat, and a air bag controller system that uses mage processing techniques to determine the shape of a seat occupant, and based on the shape and weight of the occupant, decide whether the occupant is a human or an object. Kuboki et al discloses the claimed invention except his array of sensors is based on a device that varies resistance with pressure, instead of using an optical pressure sensor array. Thiele et al shows that an optical pressure sensing array is the functional equivalent to an array of variable resistance pressure sensors. It would have been obvious to substitute the optical pressure sensor array mat of Thiele for the variable resistance pressure sensor array mat of Kuboki et al based on its known suitability for its intended use. See MPEP §§ 2144.06 & 2144.07.

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Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Randy W. Gibson whose telephone number is (571) 272-2103. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri., 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kamand Cuneo can be reached on (571) 272-1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Randy W. Gibson Primary Examiner Art Unit 2841 Page 5